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WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1. A synthetic nucleic acid molecule comprising a sequence of nucleotides that encodes a rhesus monkey carcinoembryonic antigen (CEA) protein, the synthetic nucleic acid molecule being codon-optimized for high level expression in a human cell.

- 2. The synthetic nucleic acid molecule of claim 1, wherein the nucleic acid molecule encodes a rhesus monkey CEA protein as set forth in SEQ ID NO:2 or SEQ ID NO:3.
 - 3. The synthetic nucleic acid molecule of claim 2 wherein the nucleic acid is DNA.
- 4. The synthetic nucleic acid molecule of claim 2 wherein the nucleic acid is mRNA.
 - 5. The synthetic nucleic acid molecule of claim 2 wherein the nucleic acid is cDNA.
- 6. The synthetic nucleic acid molecule of claim 2 wherein the sequence of nucleotides comprises the sequence of nucleotides set forth in SEQ ID NO:1.
 - 7. A vector comprising the nucleic acid molecule of claim 1.
 - 8. A host cell comprising the vector of claim 7.
- 9. A process for expressing a rhesus monkey carcinoembryonic antigen (CEA) protein in a recombinant host cell, comprising:
- (a) introducing a vector comprising the nucleic acid of claim 1 into a suitable host cell; and,
- (b) culturing the host cell under conditions which allow expression of said rhesus monkey CEA protein.
- 10. A method of preventing or treating cancer comprising administering to a mammal a vaccine vector comprising a synthetic codon-optimized nucleic acid molecule, the nucleic acid molecule comprising a sequence of nucleotides that encodes a rhesus monkey carcinoembryonic antigen (rhCEA) protein as set forth in SEQ ID NO:2 or SEQ ID NO:3.

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11.

A method according to claim 10 wherein the mammal is human. A method according to claim 10 wherein the vector is an adenovirus vector or a 12. plasmid vector. 5 A method according to claim 10 wherein the vector is an adenoviral vector 13. comprising an adenoviral genome with a deletion in the adenovirus E1 region, and an insert in the adenovirus E1 region, wherein the insert comprises an expression cassette comprising: a codon-optimized polynucleotide encoding a rhesus monkey CEA protein; and (a) a promoter operably linked to the polynucleotide. 10 (b) A method according to claim 10 wherein the vector is a plasmid vaccine vector, 14. which comprises a plasmid portion and an expressible cassette comprising a codon-optimized polynucleotide encoding a rhesus monkey CEA protein; and (a) a promoter operably linked to the polynucleotide. 15 (b) An adenovirus vaccine vector comprising an adenoviral genome with a deletion 15. in the E1 region, and an insert in the E1 region, wherein the insert comprises an expression cassette comprising: a codon-optimized polynucleotide encoding a rhesus monkey CEA protein; and (a) 20 a promoter operably linked to the polynucleotide. (b) An adenovirus vector according to claim 15 which is an Ad 5 vector. 16. An adenovirus vector according to claim 15 which is an Ad 6 vector. 17. 25 An adenovirus vector according to claim 15 which is an Ad 24 vector. 18. A vaccine plasmid comprising a plasmid portion and an expression cassette 19. portion, the expression cassette portion comprising: 30 a codon-optimized polynucleotide encoding a rhesus monkey CEA protein; and (a) a promoter operably linked to the polynucleotide. (b) A method of protecting a mammal from cancer comprising: 20. introducing into the mammal a first vector comprising: (a) 35

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(i) a codon-optimized polynucleotide encoding a rhesus monkey

	carcinoembryonic antigen (CEA) protein; and			
			(ii)	a promoter operably linked to the polynucleotide;
		(b)	allowing a predetermined amount of time to pass; and	
5		(c)	introdu	cing into the mammal a second vector comprising:
			(i)	a codon-optimized polynucleotide encoding a rhesus monkey CEA
	protein; and			
			(ii)	a promoter operably linked to the polynucleotide.
10		21.	A meth	od according to claim 20 wherein the first vector is a plasmid and the
	second vector is an adenovirus vector.			
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		22.	A meth	od according to claim 20 wherein the first vector is an adenovirus vector
	and the second vector is a plasmid.			
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		23.	A meth	nod according to claim 20 wherein the first and second vectors are
	adenovirus vectors.			
20		24.	A meth	nod according to claim 20 wherein the second vector is an Ad5 vector.
		25.	A meth	nod according to claim 20 wherein the second vector is an Ad24 vector.
		26.	A met	nod of treating a mammal suffering from a colorectal carcinoma
25	comprising:			
		(a)	introd	ucing into the mammal a first vector comprising:
			(i)	a codon-optimized polynucleotide encoding a rhesus monkey CEA
	protein; and			
30			(ii)	a promoter operably linked to the polynucleotide;
		(b)		ng a predetermined amount of time to pass; and
		(c)		ucing into the mammal a second vector comprising:
			(i)	a codon-optimized polynucleotide encoding a rhesus monkey CEA
	protein; and			
			(ii)	a promoter operably linked to the polynucleotide.

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27. A method according to claim 26 wherein the first vector is a plasmid and the second vector is an adenovirus vector.

- 28. A method according to claim 26 wherein the first vector is an adenovirus vector and the second vector is a plasmid.
 - 29. A method according to claim 26 wherein the first and second vectors are adenovirus vectors.